MIT Electric Power Systems (EPS) Center

Navigating the Complex Transition Towards Tomorrow's Power System

Crisis del mercado energético de la Unión Europea

Relato y lecciones que debieran aprenderse

Prof. Carlos Batlle CBatlle@mit.edu



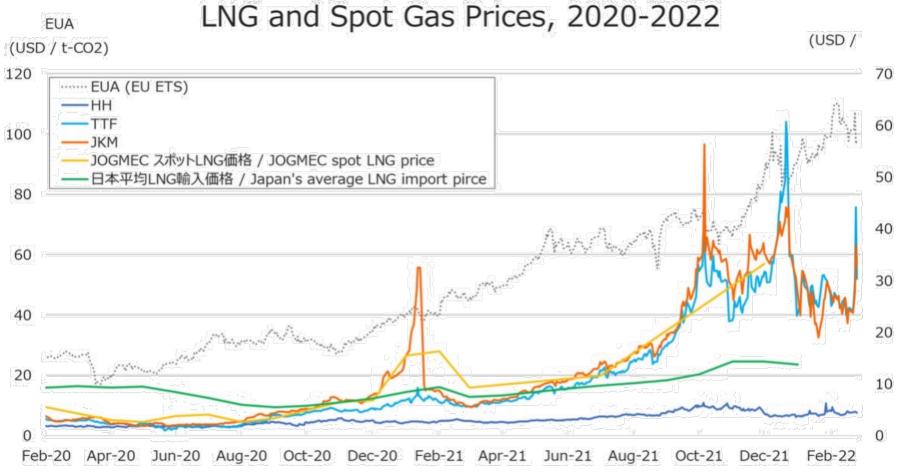




Spoiler: Electroshock and therapy for the future

Diagnosis: this is a gas price crisis ...

... and a failure of long-term energy markets



Spoiler: Electroshock and therapy for the future

Prescription (?)

- Defibrillator
 - -Current gas prices
 - -Secondary effects and sequels



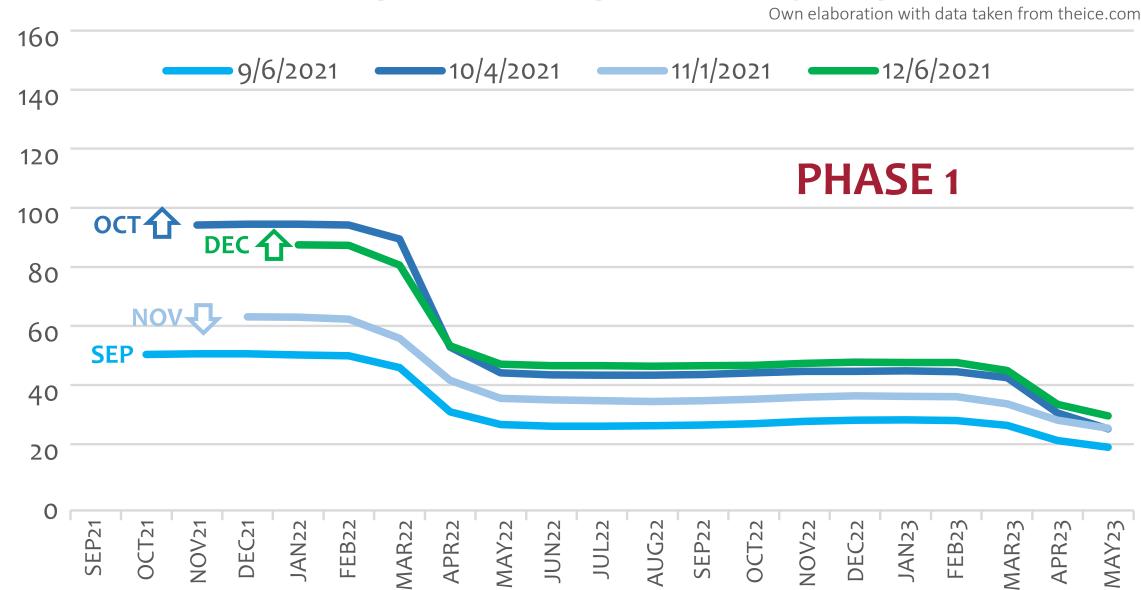
Post-recovery therapy



- -Fixing long-term markets
- -Without ruining short-term ones

First and foremost

... conditioning the regulatory agenda



Phase 1

What was said and done

Average (cost-based) not short-term market prices!





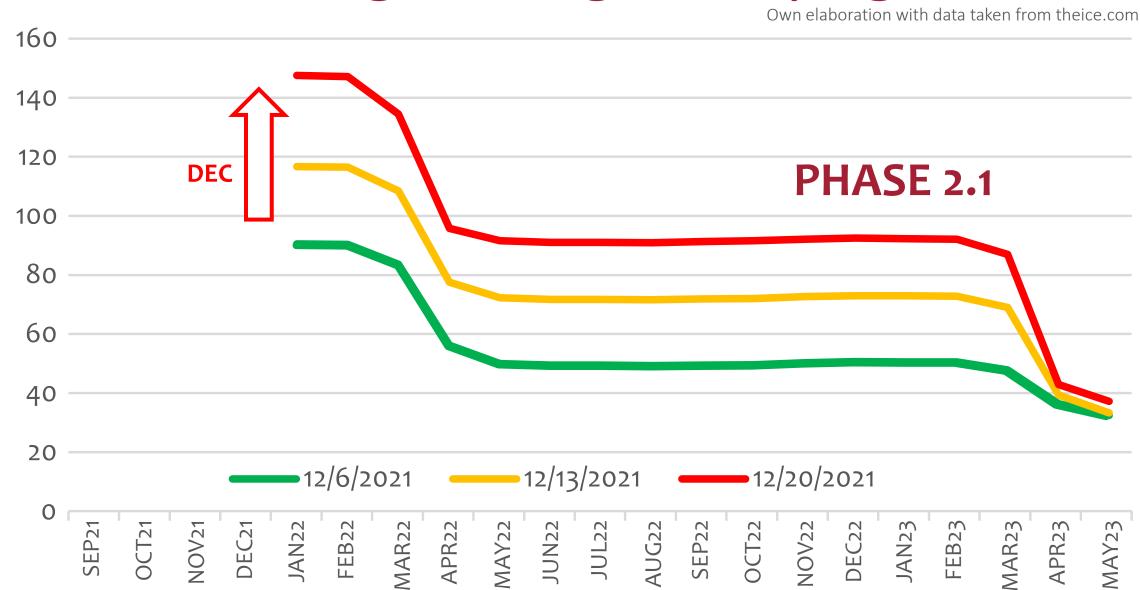




Everything works well!

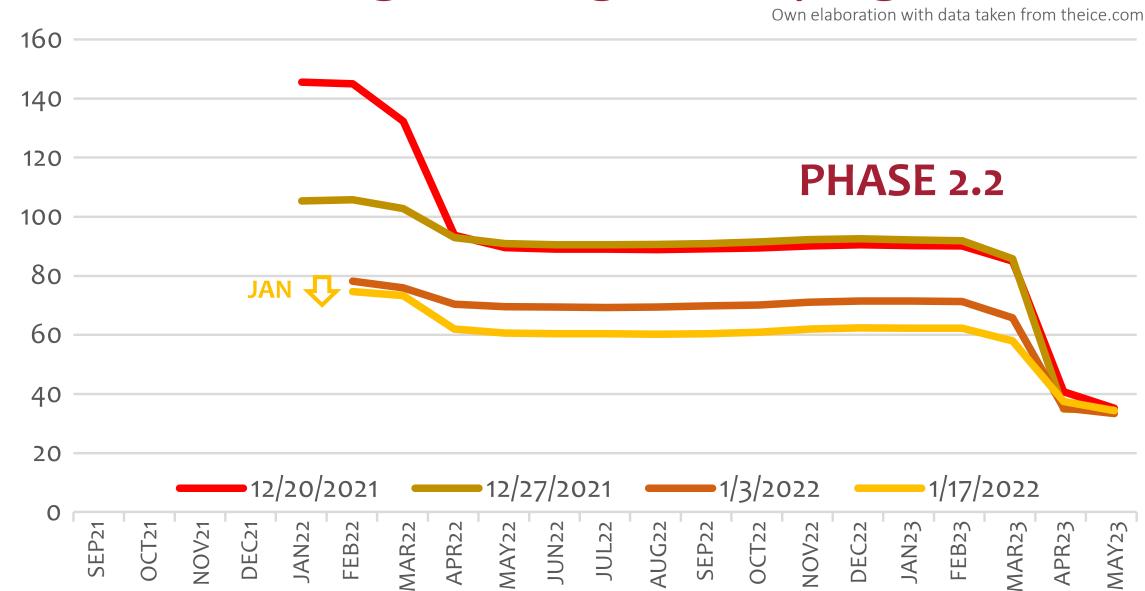
First and foremost

... conditioning the regulatory agenda



First and foremost

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Analysis after the initial symptoms



EDUCATION ~ PEOPLE MEMBERSHIP ~ NEWS & EVENTS ~ ABOUT ~



WORKING PAPERS

Power price crisis in the EU: Unveiling current policy responses and proposing a balanced regulatory remedy

FEBRUARY 2022

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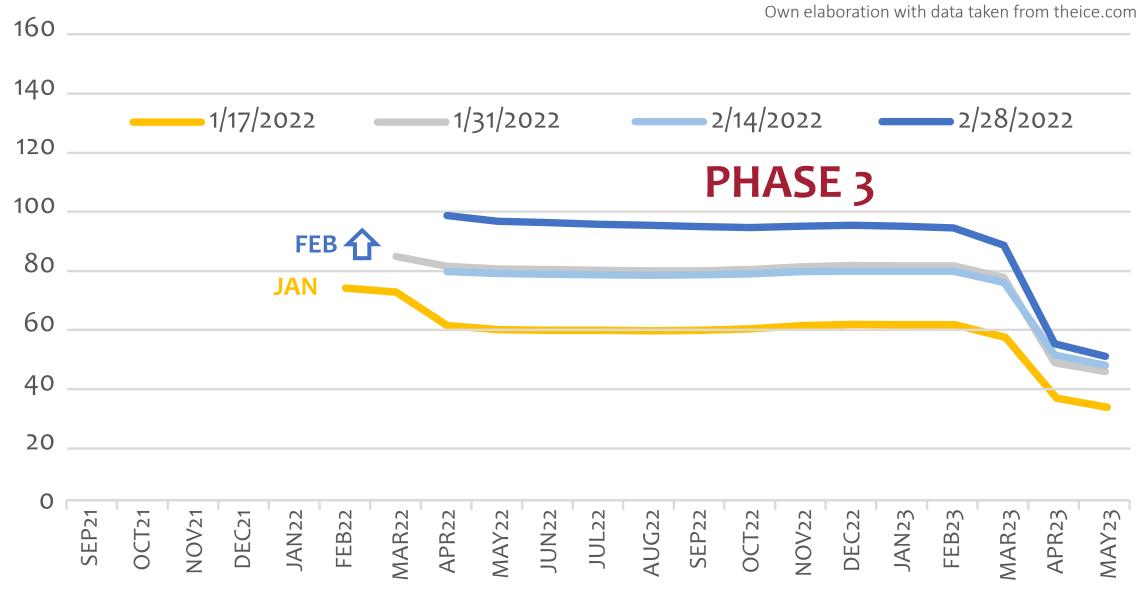
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First and foremost

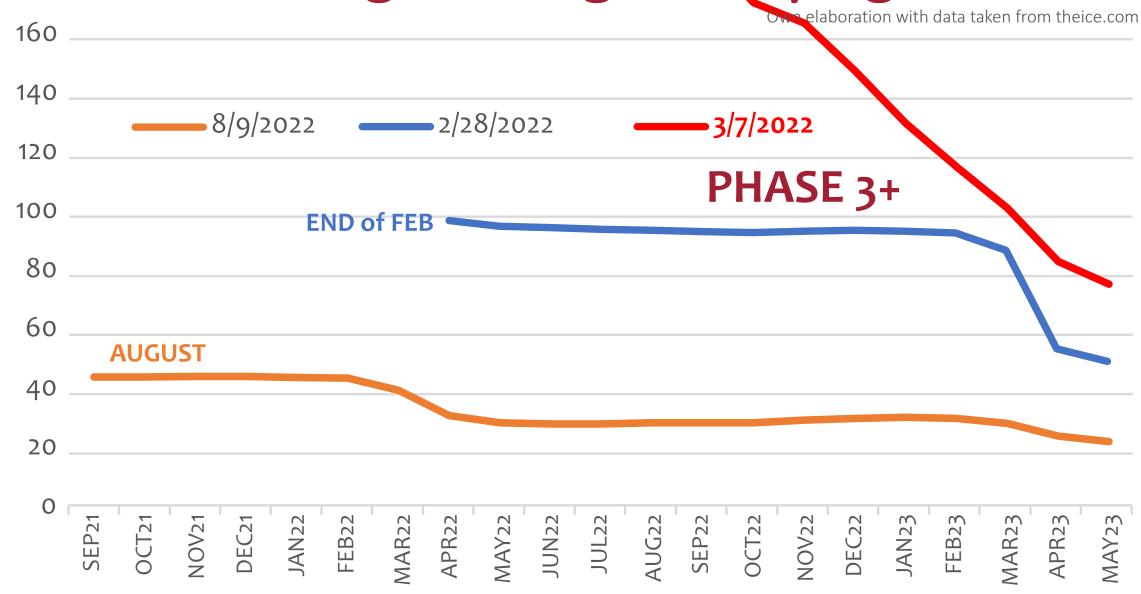
... conditioning the regulatory agenda



First and foremost

MARCH

... conditioning the regulatory agenda



EC Communication COM(2022) 108 final – March 8th, 2022

Time for regulation

Ok, but now... which is the way?



Regulated rates Capture of "windfall

profits"



Journalism and context

Guerra Ucrania Rusia últimas noticias . Huelga transportes . Desabastecimiento . Carlos Alcaraz . Covid . Abramovich . Sorteo Champions . Netflix . Acogida niños Ucrania . Miss Mui



ESPAÑA OPINIÓN ECONOMÍA INTERNACIONAL DEPORTES CULTURA LOC TELEVISIÓN

MENÚ =

Suscríbete Iniciar sesión





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Actualizado Domingo, 13 marzo 2022 - 02:32









Un informe del MIT en EEUU pone al Gobierno de ejemplo de lo que no hay que hacer en energía

El instituto de referencia internacional en materia energética recomienda asegurar inversiones en las renovables evitando el modo en que el Gobierno ha intentado intervenir hasta ahora en el sector



Electroshock

First best or extreme unction?

- Paneuropean gas market price cap
 - For example, Kneuhoff at al.

Non-paper, 14.03.2022

Proposal for Emergency EU Action to Stabilise Energy Markets and Protect Consumers:

Commit now to cap gas prices in case of physical supply interruption

Summary: European gas prices are now higher than necessary, as market participants are paying over the odds to insure against the even higher prices they fear will come with a potential interruption to Russian supplies. This harms European consumers and industry, and benefits gas producers including Gazprom. The EU can stop this vicious spiral by committing now to cap prices if supply is interrupted. This note explains why this is needed, and how it can be done.

Electroshock

Measures on power: secondary effects

- Mandated bilateral contracts for restricted demand
 - Welfare losses and cross subsidies
- "Negotiated" or auctioned currently long-term contracts
 - Penny wise, pound foolish
- Technology-targeted market price caps
 - Dispatch (hydro, coal/gas, power/gas) and cross-border trading interferences
 - Alternative: subsidizing CCGT fuel price [idem]
- Captures of infra-marginal rents [idem]

Electroshock

Betting tough

= p

POLÍTICA ENERGÉTICA RENOVABLES ALMACENAMIENTO HIDROGÉNO DIGITALIZACION MOVILIDAD OPINION

España y Portugal trabajan para topar el precio de la electricidad en los 180 €/MWh

El ahorro de una medida de este calado alcanzaría los 4.600 millones para España y 1.100 millones para Portugal

16/03/2022 · Redacción







And retailing?

• Did it actually hedge?

Tabla 16. Precios medios finales (€/MWh) según el tipo de consumidor (Incluido Impuestos) según información de facturación declarada por las comercializadoras

AÑO	Doméstico P<=10 kW PVPC(*)	Doméstico P<=10 kW Mercado libre	Domėstico P>10 kW Mercado libre	PYME Mercado libre	Industrial Mercado libre
2015	237	258	252	187	115
2016	215	255	246	175	104
2017	236	259	247	170	107
2018	240	266	251	173	113
2019	224	271	257	179	112

Fuente: CNMC

(*) Consumidor medio con consumo anual de 2,5 MWh y potencia contratada de 4,2 kW en peaje de acceso 2.0A y consumo anual de 2,9 MWh y potencia de 4,6 kW en peaje de acceso 2.0 DHA, ponderados considerando un consumo del 80% para peaje de acceso 2.0A. Datos de consumo de acuerdo con Circular 2/2005. Datos de potencia de acuerdo a liquidaciones de peajes aportados por las distribuidoras a esta Comisión (SINCRO).

- Bankruptcies and the role of the supplier of last resort
- Guarantees and competition
 - Vertical integration

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Power price crisis in the EU: Unveiling current policy responses and proposing a balanced regulatory remedy

Carlos Batlle, Tim Schittekatte & Christopher R. Knittel

February 25th, 2022

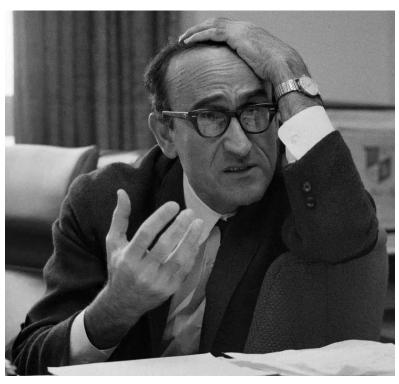




Second-best

What if first-best is considered insufficient?

"A good mix of regulation and markets is better than no market at all" (Alfred E. Kahn, 1988)



"I've abandoned freemarket principles to save the free-market system" (George W. Bush, 2008)



Therapy

Potential measures for the future

- RES auctions as unique entry gate
 - Limiting access to the network to RES auction winners
- Mandatory long-term market makers
 - Taking advantage of vertically integrated utilities
- Affordability options
 - Regulatory-driven hedge against and only "extreme events"
- Reconsidering the role of retail
 - Well-designed default rates

An alternative regulatory solution to complete the market mechanism

Stability... better Affordability options



An alternative regulatory solution to complete the market mechanism

Missing long-term market

> eex

— Products and Units — —



EEX FRENCH POWER FUTURES

2022-01-21

Day Weekend Week Month Quarter Year

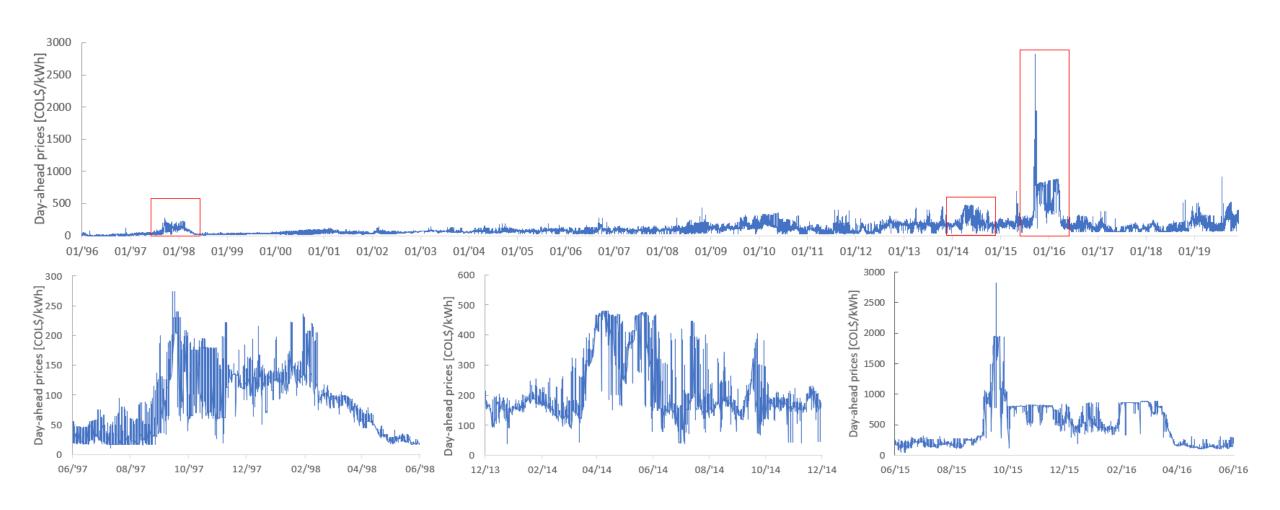
Baseload

	Name	Last Price	Last Volume	Settlement Price	Volume Exchange	Volume Trade Registration	Open Interest	
0	Cal-23	124.00	8,760	122.63	2,592,960	2,540,400	45,897	
0	Cal-24	92.30	8,784	92.13	597,312	1,168,272	11,410	
	Cal-25	87.95	17,520	87.00	70,080	271,560	2,505	
	Cal-26	-	-	84.38	-	35,040	198	
	Cal-27	-	-	83.09	-	-	96-	
	Cal-28	-	-	81.87	-	-	30	
0	Cal-29	-	-	81.40	-	-	-	
	Cal-30	-	-	80.59	-	-	-	
	Cal-31	-	-	79.73	-	-	-	

Baseload

0	Name	Last Price	Last Volume	Settlement Price	Volume Exchange	Volume Trade Registration	Open Interest
	Cal-23	131.35	8,760	131.34	8,760	122,640	5,908
	Cal-24	-	-	95.54	-	-	599
_	Cal-25	-	-	91.43	-	-	92
	Cal-26	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Cal-27	-	-	86.08	-	-	1
0	Cal-28	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0					0	

Learning from the pioneers



An alternative regulatory solution to complete the market mechanism "Bill shock" safeguard mechanism

- Centralized (regulatory-led) auction for the procurement of a financial hedge termed as "affordability options"
 - Objective: affordability
 - Procured on behalf of consumers deemed to need protection (default, opt-out & opt-in possible)

Main principles

- Competitive, technology agnostic procurement
- No interference with dispatch and short-term price signal for consumers (e.g., scarcity prices)

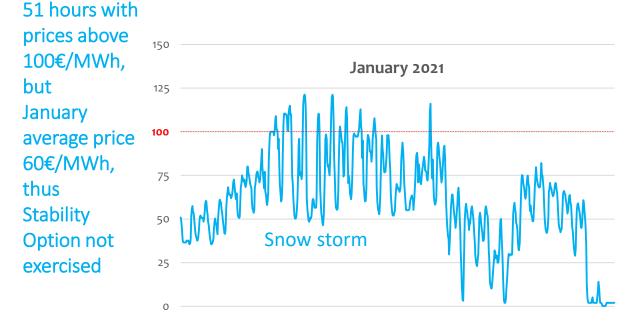
An alternative regulatory solution to complete the market mechanism

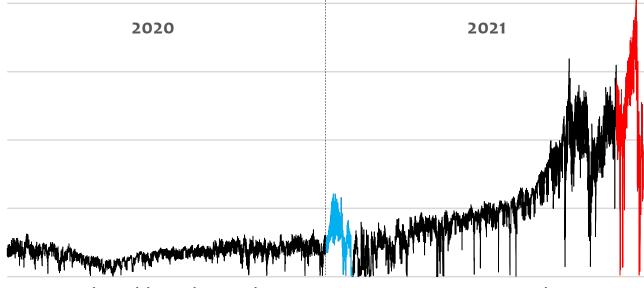
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Affordability options

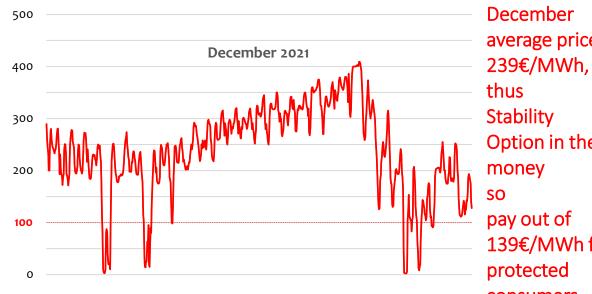
Illustrative example

- Differential impact of the option depending the 100 nature of the price event •





Day-ahead hourly market prices in Spain in 2020 and 2021



average price Option in the 139€/MWh for consumers

An alternative regulatory solution to complete the market mechanism

Stability options – Affordability options

Asian call option

Derivative with a payoff at maturity that depends on an average of the underlying on a set of predetermined monitoring dates (monthly)

General characteristics			
Product	Financial call option		
Buyer	Central entity on behalf of (a subset of) consumers		
Seller	Any generator (existing or new) - technology agnostic but physical and/or financial backup required (e.g., gas contract)		
Cost allocation option premium	Via a levy in the electricity bill (similar as the cost of RES auctions is managed), spread over the consumers under protection.		
Pay-out exercised options	Electricity bill reduction for the end-users "covered" by the stability options = max $[0, \sum_{h \in Settlement\ period}(DA_price_h - Strike_price) * Contracted_volume_h]^{25}$		

An alternative regulatory solution to complete the market mechanism "Bill shock" safeguard mechanism

- Low strike price (representing bill cap), and monthly settlement
 - Strike is the average monthly price
 - · It adapts well the risk profile of variable RES and the hedging needs of end users
- 5-10 years duration
- Time lag to allow for competition (new investments)
 - -e.g. 2023-2028

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